

- Large - Black
- Grand - Noir
- Gross - Schwarz
- Largo - Negro

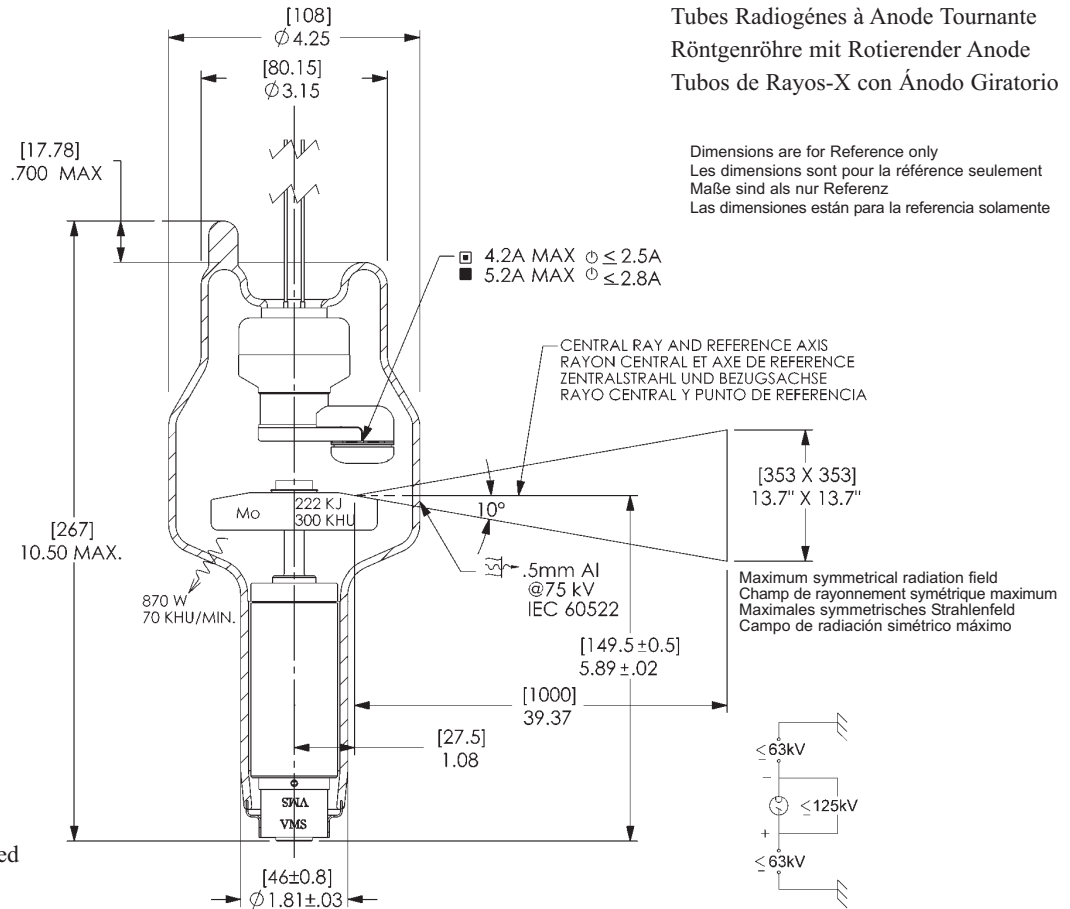
- Small - White
- Petit - Blanc
- Klein - Weiss
- Pequeño - Blanco

- Stand - By
- Attente
- Bereitschaft
- En Espera

- Frame or Chasis
- Masse
- Chassis
- Soporte o Chasis

- X-Ray Tube
- Tube Radiogène
- Röntgenröhre
- Tubo de Rayos X

- Radiation Filter or Filtration
- Filtre de rayonnement
- Filterung
- Filtración de Radiación



Tubes Radiogènes à Anode Tournante
 Röntgenröhre mit Rotierender Anode
 Tubos de Rayos-X con Ánodo Giratorio

Dimensions are for Reference only
 Les dimensions sont pour la référence seulement
 Maße sind als nur Referenz
 Las dimensiones están para la referencia solamente

Note: Document originally drafted in the English language.

Product Description	Description du Produit	Produktbeschreibung	Descripción del Producto
<p>The A-145 is a 2.8" (71 mm) 125 kV, 222 kJ (300 kHU) maximum anode heat content, rotating anode insert. This insert is specifically designed for general radiographic and fluoro/spotfilm procedures. The insert features a 10° rhenium-tungsten molybdenum target and is available with the following nominal focal spot:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0.3 - 0.6 IEC 60336</p> <p>Nominal Anode Input Power Small - 6.0 kW IEC 60613 Large - 25 kW IEC 60613 For the equivalent anode input power of 80 Watts</p>	<p>Le tube A-145, à anode tournante de 71 mm, (2.8 pouces), 125 kV, avec une capacité calorifique maximale de 222 kJ (300 kUC) est à usage spécifique pour la radiographie générale et pour la radio-fluorographie. L'anode composite en Rhénium - Tungstène Molybdène avec pente d'anode de 10° est disponible avec les combinaisons focales suivantes:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0,3 - 0,6 CEI 60336</p> <p>Puissance anodique nominale Petit foyer - 6.0 kW CEI 60613 Grand foyer - 25 kW CEI 60613 Pour la puissance anodique d'équilibre thermique de 80 Watts</p>	<p>Die A-145 ist eine 2.8" (71 mm) Doppelfokus Drehanoden-Röntgenröhre, mit einer Wärmespeicherkapazität des Anodentellers von 222 kJ (300 kHU) und einer max. Spannungsfestigkeit von 125 kV. Die Röhre wurde für den Durchleuchtungs- und Zielgerätebetrieb (1mm FFA) ausgelegt. Der Rhenium, Wolfram, und Molybdän Anodenteller besitzt einen Winkel von 10°. Folgende Brennfleckkombinationen ist lieferbar:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0.3 - 0.6 IEC 60336</p> <p>Nominale Anodenbezugsleistung Klein - 6.0 kW IEC 60613 Gross - 25 kW IEC 60613 Gilt bei einer Aequivalent - Anodenleistung von 80 Watts</p>	<p>El A-145 es un tubo de ánodo giratorio de 71 mm, (2.8"), 125 kV, 222 kJ (300 kHU) diseñado específicamente para procedimientos generales en radiografía y fluoroscopia. Consta de un objetivo de renio, tungsteno y molibdeno con pendiente de 10 grados. Disponible con las siguiente combinacion de marcas focales:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">0.3 - 0.6 IEC 60336</p> <p>Potencia nominal de entrada del anodo Foco fine - 6.0 kW IEC 60613 Foco grueso - 25 kW IEC 60613 Para una potencia equivalente del anodo de 80 Watts</p>

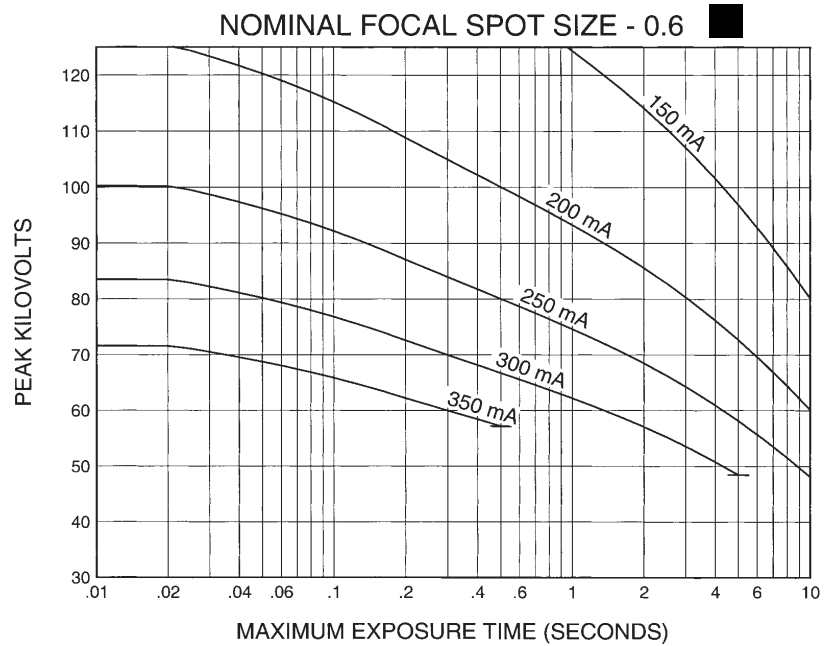
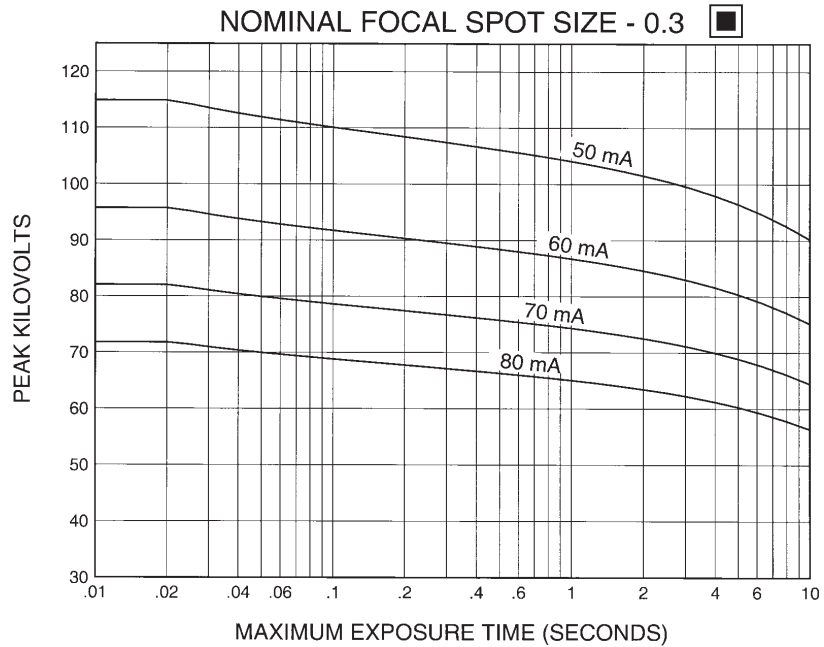
Manufactured by Varian Medical Systems
 Fabrique par Varian Medical Systems
 Hergestellt von Varian Medical Systems
 Fabricado por Varian Medical Systems

Specifications subject to change without notice.
 Spécifications susceptibles d'être modifiées sans préavis.
 Technische Daten ohne Gewähr.
 Especificaciones sujetas a cambio sin previo aviso.

3 Ø Constant Potential

50 Hz

Abaques de charge pour pose unique CEI 60613
Brennfleck - Belastungskurven IEC 60613
Diagramas de Exposición Radiográfica IEC 60613



Nominal anode input power for the anode heat content 40%. IEC 60613

Puissance calorifique nominale de l'anode: 40%, CEI 60613

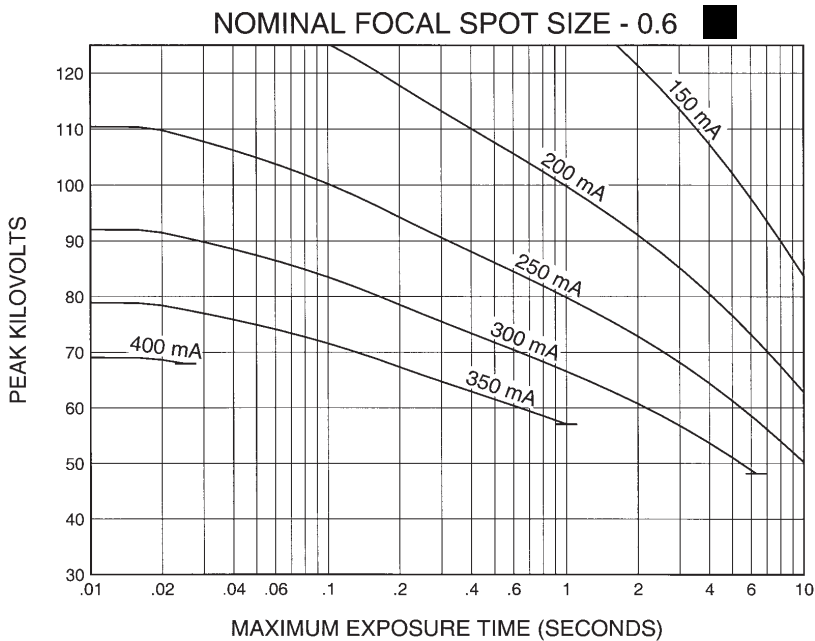
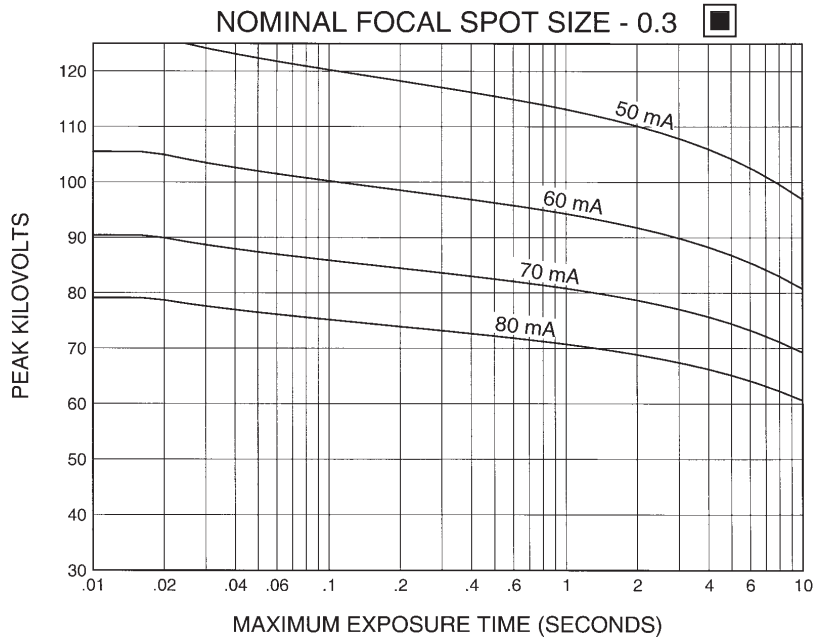
Thermische Anodenbezugsleistung bei einer Wärmespeicherung von 40%. IEC 60613

Aproximadamente el poder de penetracion para obtener un almacenaje de calor del anodo de 40%. IEC 60613

3 Ø Constant Potential

60 Hz

Abaques de charge pour pose unique CEI 60613
Brennfleck - Belastungskurven IEC 60613
Diagramas de Exposición Radiográfica IEC 60613



Nominal anode input power for the anode heat content 40%. IEC 60613

Puissance calorifique nominale de l'anode: 40%, CEI 60613

Thermische Anodenbezugsleistung bei einer Wärmespeicherung von 40%. IEC 60613

Aproximadamente el poder de penetracion para obtener un almacenaje de calor del anodo de 40%. IEC 60613

SERIAL LOAD RATINGS

HOW TO USE SERIAL LOAD RATING CHARTS

General: Serial Radiography puts a severe demand on the x-ray tube due to the large number of exposures made in rapid succession. Intervals between exposures are fixed and so short that it is not possible for the anode track to cool to any extent during the exposure series. Therefore, the temperature of the anode track increases from exposure to exposure. The kW values used in the angiographic charts have been determined to prevent damage to the anode. The angiographic rating charts are usable to 100% anode heat storage. Exceeding 100% anode heat storage will cause anode track erosion with high risk of tube destruction.

Definition of Terms

Number of Exposures in Series: The number of exposures made in succession or the number of exposures made during one contrast injection.

Exposure Rate: The number of exposures made per second. For a series of exposures where the exposure rate changes, it must be assumed that all exposures will be made at the maximum rate. For example, if during a series 10 exposures will occur at one per second and 30 exposures at 4 per second, use the kW ratings in the 40 exposure column at 4 per second rate.

Exposure Time: Time in seconds of each exposure.

USING THE CHARTS:

Select Correct Chart:

Determine the number of exposures in Series: With cut film angiography the number of exposures are known, however in Digital Angiography the number of exposures commonly are not known. When determining the number of exposures, assume worst case or past history.

Note: Most angiographic x-ray tubes fail from underestimating the number of exposures made in a series.

Determine kW of each exposure in Series: Referring to chart —find block under “Number of Exposures in Series” that is greater than or equal to expected number of exposures in Series. On left side directly opposite this block under “Exposure Rate per Second” column, select maximum rate per second that will be used for the exposure series. At the intersection of exposure rate and exposure time in seconds, find maximum kW allowed for each exposure.

kW = pkV x mA: The kW of the exposure can be any combination of mA and pkV allowed by the Radiographic and Filament Emission charts.

For Example: 80 pkV and 500 mA = 40 kW

Example: From chart A-145 50/60 Hz 3 Phase 0.6 Focal Spot, determine kW allowed with following known factors.
 Maximum number of exposures40
 Exposure time .050 second (50 milliseconds)
 Maximum Exposure per second4

From chart find 40 exposure block. On left side directly opposite this block under “Exposure Rate per Second” column, select 4 exposures per second. Find .050 seconds at top of chart. At intersection of exposure rate line and exposure time, find 4.6 kW.

0.3 Focal Spot 3Ø 10 Degrees 50/60 Hz
0,3 Dimension Focale 3Ø 10 Degrés 50/60 Hz
0.3 Brennpunkt 3Ø 10 Grad 50/60 Hz
0.3 De Marcas Focales 3Ø 10 Grados 50/60 Hz

Abaques de charges successives CEI 60613
Serienbetrieb-Belastungskurven IEC 60613
Ratio de carga en serie IEC 60613

Exposure rate per second	Tube load (kW) as a function of the exposure time (seconds) of the individual radiographs of the series														Number of exposures in series	
	0.010	0.020	0.030	0.040	0.050	0.060	0.080	0.100	0.120	0.140	0.160	0.180	0.200	0.225		0.250
1	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	10
2	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	
3	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	
4	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.8	4.8	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
1	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	20
2	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.2	
3	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	_____	_____	_____	
4	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.8	4.7	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
1	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	40
2	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	
3	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	_____	_____	_____	
4	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.2	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.8	4.6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
1	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	60
2	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	
3	4.9	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	
4	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.7	4.6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
1	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	80
2	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	
3	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.9	3.8	_____	_____	_____	
4	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.7	4.6	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
1	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	100
2	4.8	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.2	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.4	
3	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.7	3.6	_____	_____	_____	
4	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.8	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.3	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.7	4.5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
1	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.2	2.9	150
2	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	
3	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.4	3.3	_____	_____	_____	
4	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0	3.8	3.6	3.5	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
8	4.8	4.6	4.5	4.3	4.2	4.1	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
15	4.7	4.6	4.4	4.2	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	
30	4.7	4.4	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	

Note:
1. (kW) of Exposure Equals mA x kV.
For Example: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Exposures less than .010 seconds will have a kW rating same as .010 seconds.

Remarque:
1. (kW) en exposition égale kV x mA.
Par exemple: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Les expositions inférieures à 0.010 sec. ont les mêmes valeurs en kW que celles de 0.010 sec.

Anmerkungen:
1. (kW) der Belichtung ist gleich mA x kV.
Zum Beispiel: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Belichtungen von weniger als .010 Sekunden haben die gleichen kW Werte wie die von .010 Sekunden.

Nota:
1. (kW) De exposición se calcula multiplicando mA x kV-por ejemplo: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Para exposición de menos de .010 segundos, el resultado en (kW) sería lo mismo que el de .010 segundos.

Nominal anode input power for the anode heat content 70%. IEC 60613

Puissance calorifique nominale de l'anode: 70%, CEI 60613

Thermische Anodenbezugsleistung bei einer Wärmespeicherung von 70%. IEC 60613

Aproximadamente el poder de penetración para obtener un almacenaje de calor del anode de 70%. IEC 60613

0.6 Focal Spot 3Ø 10 Degrees 50/60 Hz
0,6 Dimension Focale 3Ø 10 Degrés 50/60 Hz
0.6 Brennpunkt 3Ø 10 Grad 50/60 Hz
0.6 De Marcas Focales 3Ø 10 Grados 50/60 Hz

Abaques de charges successives CEI 60613
Serienbetrieb-Belastungskurven IEC 60613
Ratio de carga en serie IEC 60613

Exposure rate per second	Tube load (kW) as a function of the exposure time (seconds) of the individual radiographs of the series															Number of exposures in series
	0.010	0.020	0.030	0.040	0.050	0.060	0.080	0.100	0.120	0.140	0.160	0.180	0.200	0.225	0.250	
1	21.2	21.1	20.6	20.2	19.8	19.5	18.9	18.4	17.9	17.5	17.1	16.7	16.4	16.0	15.6	10
2	21.2	21.0	20.4	20.0	19.6	19.2	18.6	18.0	17.5	17.0	16.6	16.2	15.9	15.5	15.1	
3	21.1	20.9	20.3	19.8	19.4	19.0	18.3	17.7	17.1	16.7	16.2	15.8				
4	21.1	20.8	20.2	19.6	19.2	18.8	18.0	17.4	16.8	16.3						
8	20.9	20.4	19.7	19.0	18.5	18.0										
15	20.6	19.9	19.0	18.2												
30	20.2	19.2														
1	21.1	20.8	20.2	19.7	19.2	18.8	18.0	17.4	16.8	16.2	15.8	15.3	14.9	14.4	14.0	20
2	21.0	20.7	20.0	19.5	19.0	18.5	17.7	17.0	16.3	15.8	15.2	14.8	14.3	13.8	13.4	
3	21.0	20.5	19.9	19.2	18.7	18.2	17.4	16.6	15.9	15.3	14.8	14.3				
4	20.9	20.4	19.7	19.0	18.5	18.0	17.0	16.3	15.6	15.0						
8	20.7	20.0	19.1	18.3	17.6	17.0										
15	20.3	19.4	18.3	17.3												
30	19.8	18.4														
1	20.8	20.3	19.5	18.8	18.2	17.6	16.6	15.8	15.0	14.3	13.7	13.2	12.7	12.1	11.0	40
2	20.8	20.1	19.3	18.6	17.9	17.3	16.3	15.4	14.6	13.9	13.3	12.7	12.2	11.6	11.0	
3	20.7	20.0	19.1	18.3	17.6	17.0	15.9	15.0	14.2	13.5	12.8	12.3				
4	20.6	19.9	18.9	18.1	17.4	16.7	15.6	14.7	13.8	13.1						
8	20.3	19.4	18.3	17.3	16.5	15.8										
15	19.9	18.7	17.4	16.2												
30	19.2	17.5														
1	20.6	19.8	18.9	18.0	17.3	16.6	15.4	14.4	13.6	12.8	11.5	10.2	9.2	8.1	7.3	60
2	20.5	19.7	18.7	17.8	17.0	16.3	15.1	14.1	13.2	12.4	11.5	10.2	9.2	8.1	7.3	
3	20.4	19.5	18.5	17.6	16.7	16.0	14.8	13.7	12.9	12.1	11.4	10.2				
4	20.3	19.4	18.3	17.3	16.5	15.7	14.5	13.4	12.5	11.8						
8	20.1	18.9	17.6	16.5	15.6	14.8										
15	19.6	18.1	16.6	15.4												
30	18.9	16.9														
1	20.3	19.4	18.3	17.3	16.5	15.7	14.4	13.3	11.5	9.8	8.6	7.6	6.9	6.1	5.5	80
2	20.3	19.2	18.1	17.1	16.2	15.4	14.1	13.0	11.5	9.8	8.6	7.6	6.9	6.1	5.5	
3	20.2	19.1	17.9	16.8	15.9	15.2	13.8	12.7	11.5	9.8	8.6	7.6				
4	20.1	18.9	17.7	16.6	15.7	14.9	13.5	12.4	11.5	9.8						
8	19.8	18.4	17.0	15.8	14.8	14.0										
15	19.3	17.6	16.1	14.8												
30	18.5	16.4														
1	20.1	19.0	17.7	16.6	15.7	14.9	13.5	11.0	9.2	7.9	6.9	6.1	5.5	4.9	4.4	100
2	20.0	18.8	17.5	16.4	15.5	14.6	13.2	11.0	9.2	7.9	6.9	6.1	5.5	4.9	4.4	
3	19.9	18.7	17.3	16.2	15.2	14.4	13.0	11.0	9.2	7.9	6.9	6.1				
4	19.9	18.5	17.2	16.0	15.0	14.1	12.7	11.0	9.2	7.9						
8	19.5	18.0	16.5	15.2	14.2	13.3										
15	19.1	17.2	15.5	14.2												
30	18.3	15.9														
1	19.6	18.0	16.5	15.2	14.1	12.2	9.2	7.3	6.1	5.2	4.6	4.1	3.7	3.3	2.9	150
2	19.5	17.8	16.3	15.0	13.9	12.2	9.2	7.3	6.1	5.2	4.6	4.1	3.7	3.3	2.9	
3	19.4	17.7	16.1	14.8	13.7	12.2	9.2	7.3	6.1	5.2	4.6	4.1				
4	19.3	17.6	16.0	14.6	13.5	12.2	9.2	7.3	6.1	5.2						
8	19.0	17.1	15.3	13.9	12.8	11.8										
15	18.5	16.3	14.4	13.0												
30	17.6	15.0														

Note:

1. (kW) of Exposure Equals mA x kV.
For Example: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Exposures less than .010 seconds will have a kW rating same as .010 seconds.

Remarque:

1. (kW) en exposition égale kV x mA.
Par exemple: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Les expositions inférieures à 0.010 sec. ont les mêmes valeurs en kW que celles de 0.010 sec.

Anmerkungen:

1. (kW) der Belichtung ist gleich mA x kV
Zum Beispiel: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Belichtungen von weniger als .010 Sekunden haben die gleichen kW Werte wie die von .010 Sekunden.

Nota:

1. (kW) De exposición se calcula multiplicando mA x kV-por ejemplo: 70 kV x 300 mA = 21 kW.
2. Para exposición de menos de .010 segundos, el resultado en (kW) sería lo mismo que el de .010 segundos.

Nominal anode input power for the anode heat content 70%. IEC 60613

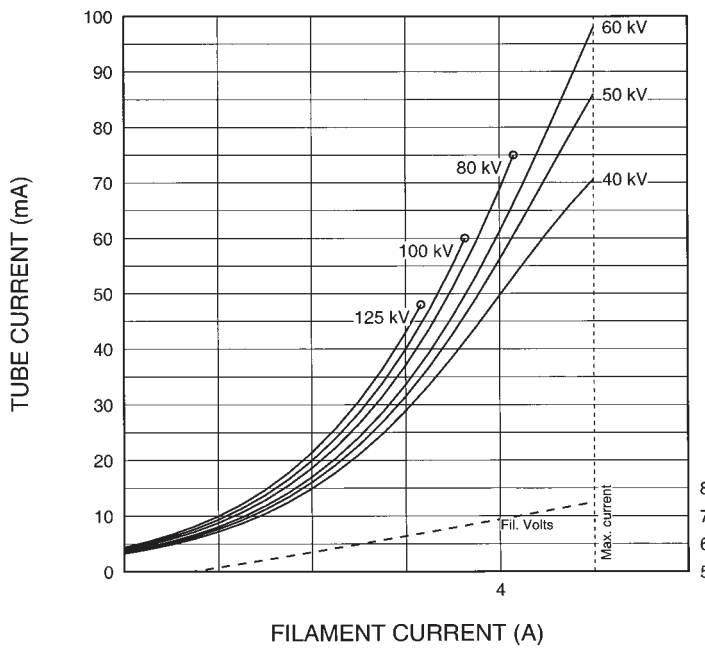
Puissance calorifique nominale de l'anode: 70%, CEI 60613

Thermische Anodenbezugsleistung bei einer Wärmespeicherung von 70%. IEC 60613

Aproximadamente el poder de penetración para obtener un almacenaje de calor del anode de 70%. IEC 60613

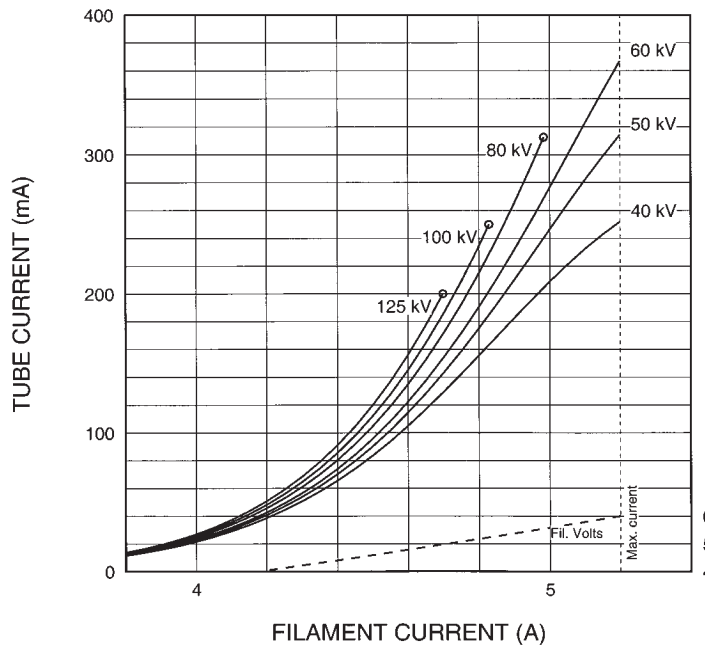
3 Ø FULL WAVE

Abaques d'Émissions des Filaments CEI 60613
Glühfadenemissionsdiagramm IEC 60613
Curvas de Emisión de los Filamentos IEC 60613



THREE PHASE EMISSION ($\pm .15$ A)
A-145 0.3

FILAMENT VOLTAGE (V)



THREE PHASE EMISSION ($\pm .15$ A)
A-145 0.6

FILAMENT VOLTAGE (V)

Note:	When using these emission curves for trial exposures, refer to the power rating curves shown for maximum kV, tube emission, filament current, exposure time, and target speed.
Remarque:	Lors de l'utilisation de ces abaques pour des expositions d'essai, référez-vous aux courbes maximales de kV, d'émission du filament, de temps d'exposition et de vitesse de rotation.
Anmerkung:	Wenn Sie diese Emissionskurven für Testaufnahmen verwenden, beziehen Sie sich hierbei auf die entsprechenden Nennleistungskurven für max. kV-Werte, Röhrenemission, Heizstrom, und Anodendrehzahl.
Nota:	Si utiliza estas curvas de emisión para exposiciones de prueba, refiérase a las curvas de gradación de potencia para el máximo de kV, tubo de emisión, corriente en los filamentos, tiempo de exposición, y a las curvas de velocidad del objetivo.

Abaques d'Échauffement et de Refroidissement de L'Anode
Anodenerhitzungs und Kühlungsdiagramm
Curvas de Calentamiento y Enfriamiento del Anodo

